

removal operations, sufficient to contain and remove the discharges specified in § 149.319(a);

(e) By lighterage, except in bunkering operations, unless otherwise authorized by the Captain of the Port; or

(f) Unless the weather conditions at the port meet the minimum operating conditions prescribed in the Operations Manual for transferring oil at the port.

**§ 150.425 Suspension of oil transfer operations.**

(a) The Captain of the Port may order the licensee to suspend oil transfer operations if the Captain of the Port finds that there is a condition requiring immediate action to prevent the discharge or threat of discharge of oil or to protect the safety of life and property.

(b) An order of suspension may be made effective immediately.

(c) The order of suspension states each condition requiring immediate action.

(d) The licensee may petition the District Commander, in writing or in any manner if the order of suspension is effective immediately, to reconsider the order of suspension. The decision of the District Commander is final agency action.

[CGD 75-002, 40 FR 52572, Nov. 10, 1975; 40 FR 58144, Dec. 15, 1975]

## Subpart E—Operations

**§ 150.500 Applicability.**

The rules in this subpart apply to operations at a deepwater port.

**§ 150.503 Maintenance of equipment.**

(a) The licensee shall maintain each item of equipment required under this subchapter in operative condition or shall replace it with an item in good condition.

(b) The licensee shall maintain each excess item of equipment required under this subchapter in operative condition or shall remove it from service.

**§ 150.504 Fire main system.**

The licensee may use the fire main system only for firefighting and deckwashing.

**§ 150.505 Fire pump.**

The licensee shall keep at least one of the fire pumps required by this subchapter ready for use on the fire main system at all times.

**§ 150.507 Firehose: Connection and stowage.**

(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c) of this section, the licensee shall keep at least one length of firehose with a combination nozzle connected to each fire hydrant at all times.

(b) The licensee shall stow each firehose connected to a fire hydrant on a hose rack when not in use.

(c) A firehose in an exposed location may temporarily be removed from an exposed location to protect the firehose from damage during heavy weather.

(d) If the edge of a platform deck is in an exposed location, the licensee shall keep enough lengths of fire hose connected to the hydrant nearest the edge to allow 10 feet of hose, when pressurized, to curve over the edge.

**§ 150.508 Lifesaving equipment.**

(a) The licensee shall stow each inflatable life raft required by § 149.521 of this subchapter as near as practicable to launching equipment for the life raft.

(b) The licensee shall test lifeboat launching equipment required by § 149.524 of this subchapter immediately after installation in accordance with 46 CFR 94.35-5.

**§ 150.509 Use of personal protection equipment.**

(a) When any person is in a work area, the licensee shall ensure that such person wears:

(1) Safety shoes that meet the specifications prescribed by the American National Standard Institute (ANSI) Requirements for Men's Safety-Toe Footwear, Z41.1; and

(2) Protective hats that meet the specifications prescribed by the ANSI Safety Requirements for Industrial Head Protection, Z89.1.

(b) When an eye hazard from flying particles or heavy dust exists, the licensee shall ensure that each person in the area of the hazard is wearing eye protection equipment that meets the

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specifications prescribed by the ANSI Practice for Occupational and Educational Eye and Face Protection, Z87.1.

(c) When hazardous work is being performed, the licensee shall ensure that any person who wears corrective eye glasses wear eye protection equipment that can be worn over eye glasses, or prescription ground safety lenses that meet the specifications prescribed by the ANSI Practice for Occupational and Educational Eye and Face Protection, Z87.1, if these lenses provide protection against the hazard involved.

(d) When handling hazardous materials the licensee shall ensure that all personnel in the area are wearing suitable protective clothing and equipment.

(e) When any person is exposed to combinations of sound levels and durations exceeding those listed in Table 150.509(e) the licensee shall ensure that the person is wearing ear protection equipment that reduces sound levels to or below the listed levels.

(f) When any person is working over or near the water, the licensee shall ensure that the person wears either a unicellular plastic foam work vest that meets the requirements of 46 CFR 160.053 or a life preserver that meets the requirements of 46 CFR 160.002, 160.005, or 160.055.

TABLE 150.509 MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE NOISE EXPOSURES<sup>1</sup>

Duration per day/hours	Sound level <sup>2</sup> dBA slow response
8 .....	90
6 .....	92
4 .....	95
3 .....	97
2 .....	100
1½ .....	102
1 .....	105
½ .....	110
¼ .....	115

<sup>1</sup>When the daily noise exposure is composed of two or more periods of noise exposure of different levels, their combined effect must be considered rather than the individual effect of each. If the sum of the fractions

$$\frac{C_1}{T_1} + \frac{C_2}{T_2} + \dots + \frac{C_n}{T_n}$$

is more than one, then, the mixed exposure exceeds the limit value. (C<sub>n</sub>) is the total time of exposure at a specified noise level. (T<sub>n</sub>) is the total time of exposure permitted at that level.

<sup>2</sup>Exposure to impulsive or impact noise should not exceed 140 dB peak sound pressure level.

<sup>2</sup>Measured on the A scale of a standard sound level meter at slow response.

[CGD 75-002, 40 FR 52572, Nov. 10, 1975; 40 FR 58144, Dec. 15, 1975]

**§ 150.511 Maintenance of personal protection equipment.**

(a) The licensee shall clean and disinfect eye protection equipment that has been used before it is reissued.

(b) The licensee shall clean and disinfect protective hats that have been worn before they are reissued.

**§ 150.513 Sanitation.**

The licensee shall ensure that garbage is covered and that no person is working in the vicinity of uncovered garbage or of overboard discharges from sanitary lines that are not protected by a baffle or splash boards.

**§ 150.515 Refueling for aircraft.**

If the PPC is not equipped with a permanent fueling facility for aircraft, no person may fuel or cause or authorize the fueling of aircraft unless he has received the permission of the Captain of the Port.

**§ 150.516 Aircraft operations.**

The licensee shall ensure that appropriately clothed and sufficiently qualified fire fighting and rescue personnel to man equipment and effect a rescue are present during aircraft operations.

**§ 150.517 Station bill.**

(a) The licensee shall post copies of a station bill on each PPC.

(b) The licensee shall designate in writing on the station bill, by title and in order of succession, each person on the PPC who is a person in charge of the PPC for purposes of supervision in an emergency.

(c) The station bill must set forth:

(1) The special duties and duty stations of each person, by name, on the PPC for each emergency listed in the Operations Manual that involves the use or application of equipment required by Part 149 of this chapter; and

(2) The signals for calling persons to their emergency stations and for abandoning the PPC.